



CONTRIBUTION OF GOAT FARMING TO HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC SUCCESS AND FOOD SECURITY





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WHY GOAT FARMING?







- Requires little capital
- Care and management is easy
- Makes quicker returns
- High demand
- Nutrition
- Great income source for the women, youth, children
- More suitable for small scale farmers
- Sexual maturity within 7-12 months
- Risks are less
- No religious taboo against goats
- It is easier to increase the population of goats than large stock






3  =  3 LIFE JACKETS

16  =  BOAT



1  =  2 YEARS LICENCE

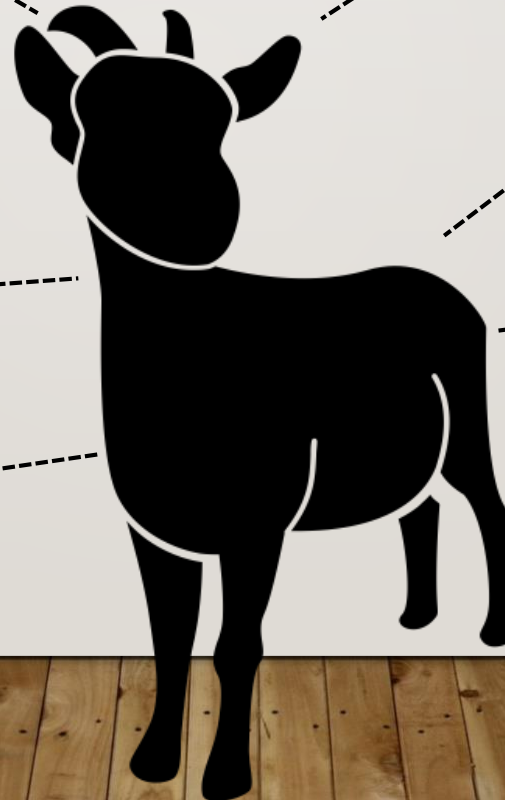
15  =  LAND

3  =  MEDICAL FOR A YEAR

54  =  BOAT ENGINE

16  =  RENT FOR A YEAR

5  =  CLOTHES FOR A YEAR

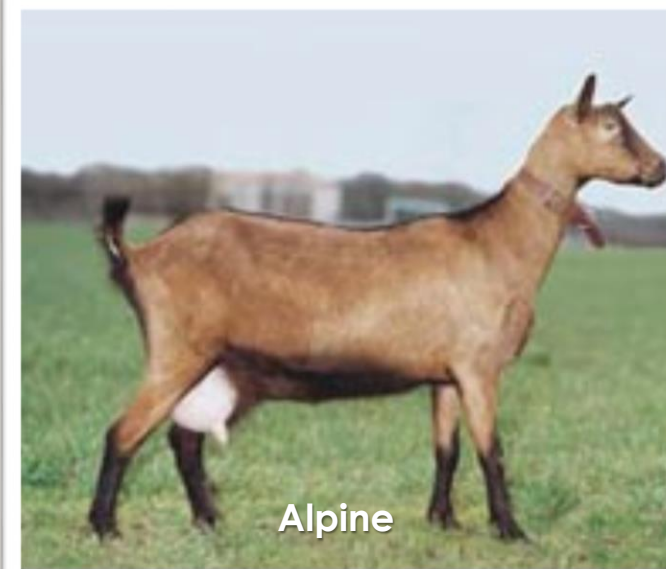


DAIRY GOAT BREEDS

- ❖ Saanen
- ❖ Alpine
- ❖ Toggenburg
- ❖ (Anglo) Nubian
- ❖ Nigerian Dwarf



Saanen



Alpine



Toggenburg



Nubian

WHAT DOES IT TAKE TO GET STARTED?



WHAT DOES IT TAKE TO GET STARTED



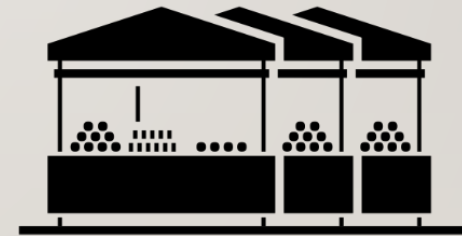
Knowledge



Capital



Land



Market





KNOWLEDGE

Decide

Milk



or

Meat

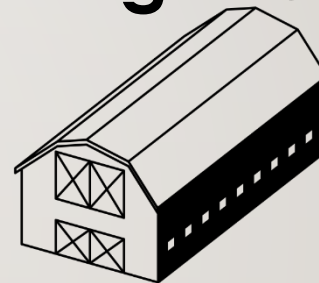


Structures

Big

or

Small



Decide

Decide



Breed

Free
Range

or

Zero
Grazing



Decide



CAPITAL

Small

0-50 




1m<



Medication

Medium

50-100 



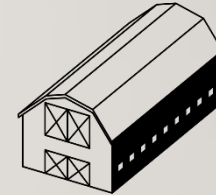
2.5m+



Feeds

Big

100+ 



5m+



Labour





LAND

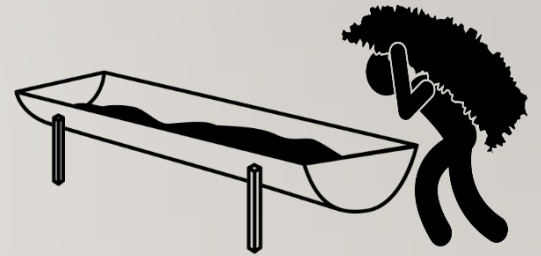


**Free
Range**

**1acre +
0-20** 

or

**Zero
Grazing**



**1/2 acre +
0-40** 





WHERE IS THE MONEY?



GOAT MARKETS



- Currently, the market is highly informal and middlemen dominate transactions.
- Sales are predominantly at farm gate level
- There is lack of market information

MARKET OPTIONS AVAILABLE TO GOAT FARMERS

Individual traders

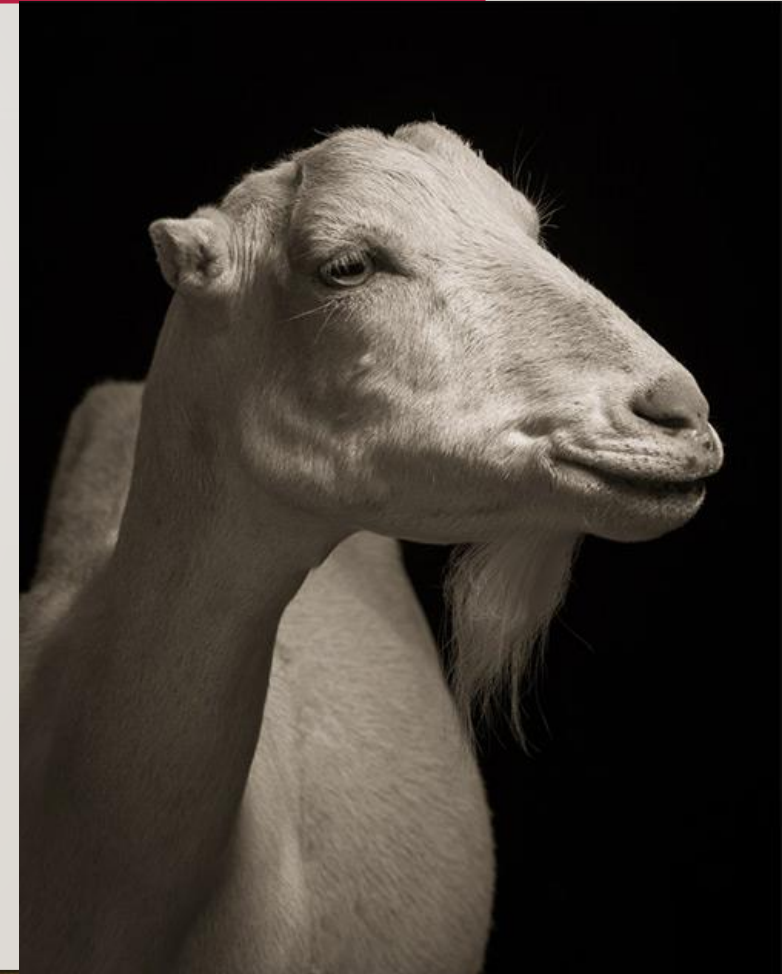
- This market comprises individual buyers who buy goats for resell in high value urban markets

Private sector companies (Abattoirs, butcheries and others)

- Requires huge volumes of goats to serve both the local market and the export market
- Emphasis is on quality, consistency and timely supply

Other groups:

- The Moslem community provides a market during their religious events.
- The goats are slaughtered according to Halaal tradition
- There are specific butcheries and abattoirs that serve the Moslem community





Non-Governmental Organizations:

- NGOs involved in restocking programmes provide a market for breeding stock e.g in Karamoja region
- They pay competitive prices

Export market:

- The export demand is found in Asian countries and other African countries.
- The market is more demanding in terms of requirements
- Requires organized effort eg Cooperatives



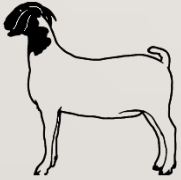
WHERE IS THE MONEY?



Male goats  = 250,000/=

Local breed

Female goats  = 150,000/=

Male  = 450k – 5m

Hybrid goats

Female  = 400k +

Hybrid goats



Milk
8000/=
per Litre




hides &
skins




horns



WHERE IS THE MONEY

10 goats  20 goats
= In 7 months

10 goats  40+ goats
In 14 months

10 goats  120 goats
= In 5 years

Sell 10 goats = 1.5m
After 14 months

You can Earn
Every 7months

CONSTRAINTS IN COMMERCIAL GOAT FARMING

- Poor goat management skills
- Disease e.g diarrhoea, pneumonia, tetanus etc
- Unavailability of vaccines. Fake farm inputs. Inaccessibility of Vet services
- Lack of proper standards on key issues eg construction, transportation etc
- Difficulty in getting good quality breeding animals
- Market
- Rampant goat thefts
- Poor record keeping etc



CONCLUSION

- Goat farming is a traditional, profitable, low risk and very easy business due to its fast growing rate
- Goat farming can unlock prosperity for our country
- Proper care and good management can ensure better production and high profit



